BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. | ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. | BANGOR, ME., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1884. | VOLUME LI.—NUMBER 134.

Whig and Courier.

BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier.

PUBLISHED MORNINGS

No 1 East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR

TERMS—$8.00 for six months in advance

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS—$2 00 in advance

AGENCIES

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CHAIRS, EASELS,

—AND—

HAMMOCKS,

N. WHITMAN.

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HAMMOCKS,

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A ROMAN SINGER,

D. BUGBEE & CO.

WINDOW SHADES and ROLLERS of all kinds,

WALL PAPERS in great variety, also

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LEAD PENCILS of Superior Quality

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D. BUGBEE & CO.

WINDOW SHADES and ROLLERS of all kinds,

WALL PAPERS in great variety, also

STATIONERY

LEAD PENCILS of Superior Quality

CHAS. HIGHT.

STATE OF MAINE.

COUNCIL CHAMBER

Augusta, Mar 3, 1884

Committee of the Executive Council will be present in accordance with the following Resolve of the Legislature approved March 14, 1883 hereby solicit proposals for medical towns and individuals as may be convenient to the location of a new insane hospital.

Resolved, That the appointment of a committee of the Executive Council to solicit proposals for the location of a new insane hospital.

Whereas, The present insane hospital is now filled to overflowing with patients and has been crowded from time to time so that it will soon be necessary to establish another insane hospital therefore

Resolved, That the governor and Council be empowered to appoint from their own number a committee to solicit proposals from medical towns and individuals who may be willing to sell or donate to the State for such purpose a tract of land containing not less than one hundred acres of land, suitable for the erection of said hospital and to cost not exceeding the sum of $[illegible] and that said committee report to the next session of the Legislature during the first week of the session.

Such proposals should be addressed to the undersigned in envelopes with the word "Asylum" on the outside, and should be in the hands of the undersigned on or before the 20th day of March 1884.

JOHN H. GRAY,

SILAS O. PARCHER,

Committee.

California Excursions.

For Mt. Hope.

CAIN

Health and Happiness.

How? DO AS OTHERS HAVE DONE.

Are your Kidneys Disordered?

Are your nerves weak?

Have you Bright's Disease?

Suffering from Diabetes?

Have you Liver Complaint?

Is your Back lame and aching?

Have you Kidney Disease?

Are you Constipated?

Have you Malaria?

Are you Bilious?

Are you tormented with Piles?

Are you Rheumatism racked?

Ladies, are you suffering?

If you would Banish Disease and gain Health, Take

KIDNEY-WORT

THE GOOD CLEANSER

Breaches of Promise

L. B. CURRIER,

Room No 2 Hotel Block Up Stairs

VANDERBILT

FERNALD & CO

Children's Home.

ROOM PAPERS.

D. BUGBEE & CO

Maine Medical Association.

CITY BUILDING, PORTLAND, June 10th, 11th and 12th.

CHAS. M. SMITH, M. D., - Sec'y.

Notice.

Paints! Paints!

Portland Liquid Paints,

Portland Tinted Paints,

Burgess, Fobes & Co.'s Pure Lead

BURGESS, FOBES & CO.,

106 and 108 Commercial Street, Portland, Me

Court of County Commissioners,

BANGOR, Me., April 25, 1884.

Notice to Hawkers and Pedlars.

JENNY W. BRIGGS,

WILLIAM L. SKINNER,

THOS. J. PEARS,

Commissioners of Penobscot County.

Children's Home.

ROOM PAPERS.

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Notice to Hawkers and Pedlars.

JENNY W. BRIGGS,

WILLIAM L. SKINNER,

THOS. J. PEARS,

Commissioners of Penobscot County.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 25 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them for the cure of LIVER and KIDNEY diseases. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Circulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

DIPHTHERIA

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINEMENT

Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINEMENT (for internal and external use) will unfailingly relieve these terrible diseases. A few drops will cure the worst case of Sore Throat. Information that will save many times its cost in doctors' bills, sent free. Price 25c. a bottle. Dr. Johnson's Dyspepsia Cure is better than ever.

MAKE HENS LAY

CHICKEN CHOLERA, Hog Cholera, 50c. Sold everywhere or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. For light Brahmas, fowls, eggs, price $1.00, by mail, $1.50. Circulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Akron Vitrified Drain Pipe.

ONLY INDESTRUCTIBLE DRAIN PIPE,

—SOLD BY—

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—OF—

STRAW GOODS.

We are now prepared to show the LARGEST and FINEST line of

Straw Hats for Men and Boys,

New and Nobby Styles for Summer Wear.

—OF—

Boys' Clothing Department,

Boys' Sailor Suits, Flannel Shirts and Shirt Waists, with Flannel and Cambric Ties.

MEN'S CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES.

—OF—

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT

Headquarters for Rubber and Oil Clothing at our Store

FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.

17 and 19 EXCHANGE STREET,

Near L. & N. A. R. R. Depot.

MEMORIAL DAY!

We have Just Received a Very Large Stock of

Cheap, Ready-Trimmed Children's Hats.

We Can Give You a Good Hat for a Little Money at

Bangor, Me. - - C. W. COFFIN'S.

"The Old Corner Clothing House,"

WEST MARKET SQUARE,

Is now offering superior inducements in

Ready-Made Clothing of all Descriptions.

MEN'S, YOUTHS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS IN ALL GRADES

Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves, Suspenders, Neckwear, Collars and Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Hats and Caps.

Children's Shirt and Blouse Waists

WHITE AND FANCY SHIRTS

In all grades, including a full line of the celebrated HATHAWAY SHIRT, ranging in price from one to two dollars each. The largest and best assorted stock in the city.

ROBINSON & AREY'S,

Wheelwright & Clark's Block, Bangor, Me.

REFRIGERATORS

—AND—

Ice Chests,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

PRITCHARD & FAIRBANKS.

NO. 133 EXCHANGE STREET,

(Copy copy)

"GUIDES." "GUIDES."

HACKETT'S PATENT CIRCULAR SAW GUIDE.

Readily Adjusted and Shims Removed and Guides Changed without Danger to the Sawyer.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON COMPANY,

Oak Street,

BANGOR, MAINE.

Smallest Stock of BANANAS,

BEST IN BANGOR.

Arcotook White Clover Honey in small Boxes, Pine Apples, Oranges and Lemons.

Kiln-Dried HARD WOOD FLOOR BOARDS

constantly on hand and manufactured to order by

J. H. JAMES,

Brewer Me

Postoffice Address, Bangor Me

MISS LAURA BROOKS

Will receive pupils in Vocal Music on Tuesday Afternoons, Friday

14 and 16 Central Street.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1815

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For one square (one inch in space) one insertion $1 00

For one square two insertions 1 25

For one square three insertions in the Daily 1 50

For one square one week 4 00

Each week's continuance 2 50

For half square one time 1 00

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SPECIAL NOTICES

$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DEATH COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of Special Notices.

Advertisements continued three times or less at regular price, free times a week at regular price one time a week at half price.

Advertisements without specified insertion will be published until forbid and charged for at the rate of Special Notices.

All transient advertisements payable in advance.

Advertisements under the head of Business Notices 10 cents per line each insertion; nonpareil measure, 15 cents per line for each insertion.

Eno Arrested in Quebec

HIS VOYAGE TO THE PACIFIC COAST SHORT—THE LUXURIOUS HABITS OF A PRIEST HIS COMPANIONS, LEAD TO HIS DETECTION

QUEBEC, May 31.—John C. Eno, the missing ex president of the Second National Bank of New York, was arrested this morning on board the Dominion steamship Vancouver just as the vessel was leaving port for Liverpool. Eno, with a companion who was dressed as a priest, took passage on the Vancouver at Montreal and came down here on board the ship on Thursday, a most unusual thing for ships to do, as Quebec is invariably the port of embarkation. Both men appeared to have plenty of money, and lived and spent it as they chose. In fact, the luxurious habits of the priest first drew attention to the pair. They were about the city yesterday and came under the notice of some local detectives who obtained a description of Eno and found that he fulfilled with the appearance of one of the strangers. The priest was not found on board the Vancouver when she left the Allan line steamer Sardinian which was searched by detectives before she sailed this morning. It is thought that he has returned to New York. Eno's priest is in charge of detectives at the Central Station.

IS FATHER DUCEY ENO'S COMPANION?—ACTION OF THE AUTHORITIES IN NEW YORK—WHAT MR. TINKERTON AND OTHERS SAY.

[N. Y. Tribune.]

The news of John C. Eno's arrest was received in this city with more or less surprise in some quarters and has surprised no one. It was late in the evening before even the details full particulars were obtained, and there is still much uncertainty as to the probable result of the matter. A visit yesterday to Mr. Eno's house, No. 16 Park ave., was searched by the deputy marshals having for their authority a warrant issued by Commissioner Shields charging Mr. Eno with misapplying certain funds belonging to the Second National Bank. The marshals stated that Mr. Eno was not in the house for more than a week prior to this. The house is now watched by detectives employed by officers of the bank directors. Despite the strict watch, it is still kept up by the deputy marshals and the detectives, until one of the servants, when asked if Mr. Eno was at home, replied that he was not in the house. When the first warrant was made some objection was raised to the immediate execution of the warrants, who were kept waiting in the parlor, at the second attempt every facility was afforded them, and they were at once taken through the house. There has also been little doubt that an order for Mr. Eno's arrest has been for some time in the hands of the Sheriff.

On Friday night a telegram was received at Police Headquarters addressed to Superintendent Walling. It was dated Quebec and signed by two Canadian detectives, and was to the effect that John C. Eno was at that time in Quebec and asked for authority to hold him. The New York police had no authority to arrest Mr. Eno but knowing that there was a United States warrant out for his arrest Detective Sergeant Finch was instructed by Mr. Walling to proceed to Quebec and find the United States Marshal and hold him on the telegram. Marshal Pelkner, however, had just left for Chicago and the detective hunted for him without avail. Early yesterday morning not having found any of the United States officials he became fearful that the stranger might sail without anything being done, and accordingly sent a dispatch authorizing the Quebec police to hold Eno. Three hours afterward a dispatch announcing Eno's arrest was received from Quebec. This together with that first received was sent by Superintendent Walling to Chief Deputy Marshal Henry R. Carter. After consultation with Assistant District Attorney Foster, representing Elihu Root, who is in Chicago, the following telegram was sent by Mr. Carter to A. Bissonette, the High Constable at Quebec:

Will Eno consent to return without extradition? If so will have officer meet you at House's Point. If not, will have officer meet you at Montreal to-morrow with papers.

This was answered by a dispatch signed High Constable Bissonette and J. Fahey, to this effect:

Eno says he will not return voluntarily. Will be in Montreal in the morning.

CAN HE BE EXTRADITED?

A boat leaves Quebec in the evening and arrives early the following morning at Montreal. Deputy Marshal George H. Holmes was immediately sent by the evening train, with papers that would justify Eno's arrest, were he in the jurisdiction of the magistrate issuing the warrant. The chief point of interest about the arrest is whether the offence committed by Mr. Eno is extraditable or not. By the treaty with Great Britain of 1842, the offences named for which extradition is granted are murder, assassination, intent to commit murder, piracy, arson, robbery, forgery or the uttering of forged paper. Embezzlement or the misappropriation of funds by a public officer or servant is only extraditable by the treaties with France, Italy, Switzerland, Hayti, and some of the South American Republics. The Government officials declined to say whether any additional complaint further than that charged in the warrant issued by Commissioner Shields had been made that would afford grounds for a warrant of extradition. Later it became known that J. Fahey, who signed the telegram conjointly with Bissonette, was one of Pinkerton's men. It was also said that the Marshals' office knew that the telegram signed by Superintendent Walling, authorizing Eno's arrest, had been sent without Mr. Walling's authority or knowledge. This was due to the fact that Detective Finck had assumed the responsibility and as the first telegram was addressed to the superintendent, it was answered by the latter's name.

HOWARD PINKERTON'S STORY.

As the arrest had been made at the instance of one of Pinkerton's men, Robert Pinkerton was seen yesterday afternoon at his office. He leaned back in his chair and told the following story, referring occasionally to one of a bundle of telegrams held in his hand.

"Eno's whereabouts have been a mystery to us for about two weeks. We were convinced that at the time of the first search he was still in the house, but a day or two after we missed him. We were sure he would probably leave the city and make straight for Canada, and accordingly we wired our correspondent in Montreal, John Fahey, to keep a lookout for Eno, of whom we sent a full description. A few days ago Fahey was notified that a man, accompanied by another who seemed to be a Catholic priest, answered Eno's description. They were changing a large amount of American money into English currency. Eno had changed his appearance somewhat, but Fahey was certain that he was the man he wanted. He followed the pair from Montreal to Quebec. Fahey was looking out for another man we want and supposed him to be the priest. In this however he was mistaken. Nevertheless, he swore out a warrant for the arrest of this person and accompanied by Henry Constable Bissonette, left Montreal on Thursday night, and on his arrival in Quebec found that the pair had driven passing on the Vancouver. They were found first room 10. One of them, who passed as Joseph Boston, proved to be Eno. Fahey identified the priest who gave the name of Joseph McCloskey, was served with the warrant shortly afterward, however, he satisfied Fahey that he was the Rev. Father Ducey of St. Leo's Church. We have found this respected priest in the diocese, who has been in consequence visiton to Montreal and occupied a room there for some time.

FATHER DUCEY'S MOVEMENTS.

Father Ducey was seen by a Tribune reporter leaving Mr. Eno's house late last Sunday night. An inquiry made at the house the following Wednesday elicited the reply that Father Ducey was no longer there. Several inquiries at his house in East Twenty-ninth street, during the past week have elicited the reply that the Father was not in. During the same period according to one of his congregation he has not called at any morning mass. On the other hand he is stated on good authority to have lunched at Delmonico's last Wednesday. Father Ducey, who is one of the most respected priests in the diocese, was an intimate friend of the late Cardinal McCloskey and is ever welcome to lunch at the Delmonico restaurant daily. Father Thomas McCloskey, the assistant priest of St. Leo's said last night:

"By Father Ducey's express orders I must decline to say whether he is in town or answer any questions about his movements. The Father is aware of the charges that have been made and is quite willing that they should be answered for the present. I could tell you where they proceed."

At his house the boy who opened the door said that Father Ducey had dined with his family at half past six. He got out shortly afterward and when he returned would not be able to see any one. Several of his acquaintances were seen but none of them could say for certain whether he was in town or not.

Regarding Mr. Eno's present whereabouts the directors of the bank could say nothing. A visit to the bank showed that the directors still adhered to their determination to leave the investigation of the affairs of the Second National Bank in the hands of the Comptroller of the Currency. President Trowbridge said that the financial affairs of the bank in Eno's time were so intricately tangled that it would be impossible to give any definite information at present. The bank would be ready to give all information in its power when the Comptroller of the Currency should have completed his investigation.

Mr. Levi Lincoln Thaxter, husband of Mrs. Celia Thaxter, died in Boston Saturday, at the age of sixty. He was a fine scholar and critic and was devoted especially to Greek literature and the poetry of Robert Browning. He had appeared as a reader of Browning upon the platform as well as in private circles and was an enthusiastic admirer and interpreter of that writer. His home was at Kittery, Me., on the shore opposite the Isle of Shoals, but his winters were mainly spent in Boston.

On Friday, May 23d, Miss Sarah Stimpson was leaving a friend at the railroad and the plaza of Mrs. Gardiner's house at North Pembroke, and in the fading gave way and she fell to the ground several feet below. Her ankle was badly sprained and it will be some time before she will be able to walk.

Business Items

Does your heart ever seem to stop and you feel so sick that you scarcely know if you have strength to leave your room—you have Heart Disease. Try Dr. Greene's Heart Regulator. $1 per bottle.

may31 d&w2w

Deal with Bowler & Merrill, No. 1 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor, if you wish to obtain the Very Best and Safest Securities for the investment of Trust Funds and saving unto the Lowest Price. d&f

Miss J. L. Merrill will give lessons in drawing and painting to a limited number of pupils at her residence, 24 Kenduskeag Avenue.

may30 1w Bangor

We know Hart's Dyes can be equal, why have one thousand stolen? They used Dr. Greene's Heart Regulator and know it is the best. —Plympton News. $1 per bottle at druggists.

may31 d&w2w

This does not indicate a shortage of the corn crop. A million bottles of Hill's Radical Cure Remover sold in January. Good.

may31 d&w2w

BETTER THAN DIAMONDS

and of greater value than the gold is a great tonic and renovator, Kidney-Wort. It expels all poisonous humors from the blood, tones up the system and by acting directly on the most important organs of the body, all natural functions are healthily and regularly established. It has effected many marvelous cures and for all kidney diseases and other kindred troubles it is an invaluable remedy.

may30 eod&w1w

FIRST RECEIVED ONE THEN CURED

Was troubled for a year with torpid liver and bad digestion. Tried many things, everything failed except Burdock Blood Bitters. The first bottle relieved and the second cured me entirely. T. S. WILLIAMSON, Rochester, N. Y.

jn2 d&w1w

LOOK OUT FOR FRAUDS

Benson's Capsicum Porous Plasters are widely imitated. Word Capsicum on the genuine. Be careful.

may31 SW&w

AN EXPLANATION

No one need fear will cure everything, but it is an undoubted fact that Thomas' Eclectric Oil will cure a sprain, a bruise, a bite or a burn, and is also an effective and pronounced remedy in diphtheria.

jn12 d&w1w

In the Hop Plaster represented Fresh Hops, Gums and Balsams, and its power is wonderful in curing Back Aches, Sprains, Bruises, Neuralgia, Pain in the Side, Stiff Joints, Sciatica, Lumbago, Weak Lungs, Soreness of the Chest, Kidneys, Liver, Spleen, Stomach, Bowels, Female Complaints, Malaria, Ague, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS,

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed to Editor of Whig and Courier.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1884.

FOR GOVERNOR

HON. FREDERICK ROBIE,

OF GORHAM.

FOR SENATOR AT LARGE:
Hon. EUGENE HALE, of Ellsworth.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE:
Hon. SEWALL L. MILLIKEN, of Portland.
Hon. WESTON F. MILLIKEN, of Portland.

FOR CONGRESSMEN:
1st District—CHARLES A. MCKENNEY.
2d District—JOHN G. RICHARDSON.
3d District—NELSON DINGLEY, JR.
4th District—SEWALL L. MILLIKEN.
5th District—CHARLES A. BOUTELLE.

At Chicago

The principal feature of the National Republican Convention yesterday was the settlement of temporary challenges, an account of which is given in our special dispatches this morning. While the settlement of the question of fact involved strictly party votes sufficient to indicate that Blaine is losing ground in the other States and our dispatches announce the appearance of this large following caused much surprise among his opponents who are decidedly alarmed at his strength more than they had supposed. The friends of Blaine, be it remembered, are not sanguine on the first ballot but after that they hold it is for the man who demonstrates that he is the choice of the Republicans of the North and Edgington from the interview with him published in this paper on this page, it is evident that he recognizes the great conflict of Mr. Blaine among the masses is favorably inclined toward his election. We think further Mr. Blaine is one of the most earnest workers of the Republican party. A large number of conventions have met and all expressed themselves as highly pleased. The box has simple efficiency and yet it is not easy to be prevented fraud at the polls.

It has two compartments hinged in the lid and securely locked. The upper compartment is the mechanism the lower is reserved for the ballots. On the left side of the box is a crank, which is down rubber-covered rollers to remove one of which and two lines of ballot stamps which are linked in a glass case.

The front of the box is a register, which automatically numbers the ballots, and registers from one up to the last one. At the opening of the polls a key is placed at zero, the voter turns the crank down, on which the ballot is placed, the top of the box is closed, the crank turns the ballot, the register moves one number, the ballot is dropped into the room to be stacked, and the ballot is carried out dropped in a receptacle below.

In case more than one ballot is cast at the motion of the crank or attempt to open and the mechanism is locked. Every ballot must be counted and registered either and ballots be fraudulently abstracted from the box for the number of ballots cast must correspond with the number registered by the register, which is in the front of the box and in full view of voters present. A voter after it has deposited the ballot after voting will have to pass through a lattice. If detained after voting, there will be a check in the counting lines. In other case the friend will be apprehended.

The matter was laid before the City Government last evening and referred to a committee with instructions to report at a future meeting. It is to be hoped that a suitable action will be taken so that in future the Bangor should have more security for ballot boxes than those now in use.

THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.

New York for Blaine.

New York Tribune: Chauncey Depew, Chester A. Arthur, leaders have been loudly claiming for three days past that they control 47 votes in the New York delegation, and that Mr. Blaine only has 21 votes. Mr. Edmunds has the remaining 14 votes. Yesterday, however, was given to light to this willful misrepresentation. Twenty seven of the Blaine delegates from New York have signed an address to the National Convention, pointing out that Blaine delegates represent the Republican Congressional Districts in New York; districts that will give the Republican majorities by which the State will be carried for the Republican candidate for President. It is also pointed out that nearly all of the Arthur delegates come from congressional districts that give Democratic majorities. The meeting of the Blaine delegates from New York and their unanimous resolution in favor of Mr. Blaine's nomination made a great sensation. The assurance that they signed will be sent to all other delegates to the National Convention. It is known that other New York delegates also will vote for Mr. Blaine, but they have not reached this city their names were not appended to the address. Suddenness is given to full to-day. The Republican districts of the State of New York under the rule of direct popular representation have declared emphatically and unmistakably for James G. Blaine, and this is their message to the National Republican Convention.

Blaine can get more votes in the State of New York than any other man, and can carry the State triumphantly. An analysis of the Republican representation in the National Convention shows these facts:

DISTRICTS FOR BLAINE.

Districts		Majority	
I		2,567	Dem
II		491	Dem
III		250	Dem
IV		174	Rep
V		4,319	Rep
VI		10,152	Rep
VII		2,308	Rep
VIII		363	Dem
IX		5,796	Rep
X		6,164	Rep
XI		9,279	Rep
XII		850	Rep
XIII		3,402	Rep
XIV		1,846	Rep
XV		2,738	Rep
XVI		10,230	Rep
XVII			
XVIII			
XIX			
XX			
XXI			
XXII			
XXIII			
XXIV			
XXV			
XXVI			
XXVII			
XXVIII			
XXIX			
XXX			
XXXI			

*Two Blaine delegates in each district.

DISTRICTS FOR EDMUNDS OR ARTHUR.

Districts		Majority	
I		3,319	Dem
II			Dem
III			Dem
IV		3,490	Rep
V		2,738	Rep
VI			
VII			
VIII			
IX			
X			
XI			
XII			
XIII			
XIV			
XV			
XVI			
XVII			
XVIII			
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XXII			
XXIII			
XXIV			
XXV			
XXVI			
XXVII			
XXVIII			
XXIX			
XXX			
XXXI			

DISTRICTS FOR ARTHUR.

Districts		Majority	
I			Dem
II			Dem
III			Dem
IV			Dem
V			Dem
VI to XII		41,583	Dem
XIII		7,635	Rep
XIV		5,920	Rep
XV		4,251	Rep
XVI			Rep
XVII			Rep
XVIII			
XIX			
XX			
XXI			
XXII			
XXIII			
XXIV			
XXV			
XXVI			
XXVII			
XXVIII			
XXIX			
XXX			
XXXI			

Contested districts.

The Fifth and Sixth Districts are contested.

The four delegates at large are for Edmunds.

These statistics prove beyond question that if not President Arthur's own State a decided majority of the delegation to the National Convention are opposed to his nomination, that the overwhelming preponderance of delegates from districts giving Republican majorities are for Blaine, that 13 Republican districts and Democratic districts send delegates for Blaine, that five other districts send delegates for anti Arthur delegates, while but four Republican districts send delegates for Arthur, the large majority of his support coming from ten Democratic districts, that in the Blaine districts there is an aggregate of 67,650 Republican majorities and at 14,096 Republican majorities in Arthur districts with 9,176 Democratic majorities in Blaine districts, and 67,940 Democratic majorities in Arthur districts. These facts and figures are conclusive that in New York, as in other States where electoral votes may be given to a Republican candidate for President the direct Republican expression is in favor of James G. Blaine. Some mention is need that he is the accepted leader of the Republican party to carry Victory in, full confidence that with James G. Blaine as the Republican standard bearer the State of New York will give Blaine its electoral vote, the undersigned delegates from Blaine State Convention and the above statement to be favorable considered at the National Convention.

Chicago, June 2, 1884.

Simon C. McCook	John Kellogg,
W. H. Robertson,	Leslie W. Russell,
James W. Husted,	George A. Bagley, Jr.,
Abram Merritt	W. S. Scrutton,
Thomas Grandi,	Carroll E. Smith,
Dana in Ballentine,	Henry F. Dugaill,
George West,	H. T. Richardson,
D. M. Dalzell,	Milton Deluno,
Hobart Adams,	George H. Cornwell
L. A. Simmons,	Edmunds L. Pitts,
Silas Shepard,	Stephen T. Hoyt,
Jerome W. Dwight,	Norman L. Allen,
Thomas C. Platt,	Frank S. Smith
W. [illegible]	

POSITIVE GAINS FOR BLAINE.

The first great gain for Blaine to-day was made when the Kansas delegation arrived on the ground. Heretofore the Southerners have been the most active in securing votes for Blaine from that State. Votes on the second ballot. Soon after the delegation arrived it met and unanimously resolved to support Mr. Blaine. This was a direct gain of 20 votes over what had been claimed for Mr. Blaine. Then came the good news from Pennsylvania where 16 votes were reported for the Maine statesman, with a possibility of 20 and a possibility of the entire delegation, excepting Chris Magee whose seat is contested. The influence of General Simon Cameron, who is said would that Blaine is the undoubted choice of the people of that State, has not been in vain.

In Ohio there was also a favorable rupture. Sherman's friends concluded that they could not go home and face their constituents with Arthur as a candidate and that to bring Sherman out aggressively would be to endanger Blaine. Anger has followed and make certain the defeat of Sherman. Hence they concluded to divide evenly. Many of the delegates counted for Sherman are elected at Blaine district conventions on the ground that Sherman would not be a candidate unless Blaine should be out of the race. To disregard these instructions and go to show a desire to grab the Presidency was thought not good politics by the Sherman leaders. Dividing the delegation assures Blaine 24 votes, against 20 previously counted, giving Blaine a gain of ten votes as reported from Tennessee, and a few scattering elsewhere.

Nebraska has it settled on the ground and Governor Dawes reported the delegation solid for Blaine, another gain of 2. The arrival of the train from Maine, with 1,000 Blaine workers, was the only another source of encouragement.

The reports of Blaine gains continued to come in until midnight, the latest accessions were two votes from Texas and one vote from New York. At the Blaine headquarters the most cheerful and confident feeling prevailed.

At Gorham Blaine's friends think they have reason to-night to feel encouraged in the fine.

HOW THE DECISIONS VOTE IS DISTRIBUTED.

The several classes of the Louisiana delegation by prominent Republicans from that State this forenoon showed that Blaine had 4, Logan 2 and Arthur 10 on the first ballot, with indications that the second ballot will add at least 12 votes for Blaine. The canvass was shown to be so large and so complete that I shall not be surprised if Blaine receives 15 votes from Louisiana on the second ballot, provided the first ballot shows that he is the choice of the Republican States. He is very popular in Louisiana and if he be nominated a good many disgusted Democrats will vote for him.

On the other point, ex-Congressman Lynch returned yesterday on two hours' visit to Natchez in Indianola. Irish Democrats in conversation with me said they never have voted for other than the Democratic ticket, but if the Republicans nominate Blaine I will work and vote for him, and a Blaine club of Irishmen will be organized in Natchez within forty-eight hours. Such clubs will be organized throughout the country, and next November 100,000 Irish Democrats will vote for Blaine. They believe he is the man who, as President, would adopt and maintain a vigorous self respecting American policy so far as our relations with foreign Powers are concerned, and that the rights of American citizens everywhere would be respected and protected.

[Correspondence of Boston Herald.]

BLAINE'S WONDERFUL STRENGTH—HUNDREDS OF VOLUNTARY WORKERS IN HIS BEHALF—A MARVELOUS MOVEMENT, SPONTANEOUS, UNORGANIZED AND IN EARNEST.

The Blaine movement is the most remarkable ever known in the history of party politics in this country. It is spontaneous, it is intense, and for the most part those engaged in it are intelligent men. It is essentially a Western movement, and a popular one. There is no evidence of organization. The corridors of the hotels are filled largely with what are called the common people of Ohio, Indiana and the states. The majority—farmers, small traders and the men generally who make the agricultural West what it is. They are men of position, convictions, and are intelligent. They pin on badges and go about talking Blaine. Garfield's part of Ohio has hundreds of such people here, and they seem to hold it as a matter of duty and of affection to the dead President to put in their utmost efforts for his friend, whom they regard as his chosen friend. Eastern people know nothing of this intense people of the West. Blaine is Eastern politics to give at them astonishment. Thousands of such people must naturally have a influence upon those who look on.

In one of the hotel corridors, immense in their way, may be seen a quadrangle of about two persons, who are discussing some question. The leading talker is a Blaine man, bearing all the marks of the soil, but he puts his case with power, and three-fourths of the spectators applaud and cheer for Blaine. These men are playing their own bills. They are here because they are for Blaine.

Said a leading Massachusetts delegate to-day to a *Journal* man: "This devotion to Blaine in the Northwest is astonishing. No other man ever had such a following in this country, and yet if one goes among them he finds that the earnest men and apparently good citizens. They do not believe the stories told to his discredit, and they do believe that he would make a most excellent President, and," he continued, after talking with the delegations here one comes to the conclusion that Blaine is as strong a man as Arthur for the whole country. He can carry Ohio, all the States on the Pacific Slope, and Democrats in West Virginia admit that he can carry that State." The President would not be strong in these States. This is the remark of a man who will not vote for Mr. Blaine for a candidate, and who believes that he is much better to nominate some other man. I have no reason to believe," he added, "that Mr. Blaine has done absolutely nothing in the way of organization."

A leading Maine man said to-day that Mr. Blaine's old friends, Hale and Frye, are not sure, because Mr. Blaine did not desire to have it understood that he had manager rather selected by himself. Albion Little of Portland, one of the delegates, is a prominent business man, and a leader in the Baptist denomination. Yesterday he was heard to make this remark: "I have watched Mr. Blaine for years. Ten years ago I would not have gone to a convention to support him. I have watched him closely and studied into his business matters and the result is that I have the fullest confidence in his integrity. Twenty-five years he has been in public life, and no man has said aught against his private character. If I believed Blaine a bad or dangerous man I would not be here for my life. That is the opinion of an intelligent and successful business man.

SIMON CAMERON ON BLAINE—THE STRONGEST CANDIDATE.

Philadelphia Correspondence Boston Herald: Simon Cameron arrived in the city this evening from Harrisburg. In course of conversation in his room at the Girard House, he spoke freely on the outlook at Chicago. In reply to a question as to newspaper comments on his advocacy of Blaine, he said he considered Blaine the strongest candidate that could be nominated. He was asked what he thought of the arguments of the independents that Blaine could not carry New York. At this question he threw back his head with an exclamation of disgust. "That is an old cry," said he. "There is no argument at all in it. Blaine is going to be the candidate, which should have no influence in the convention. The best way to prove whether Blaine can carry New York is for the convention to nominate him, and let the Republican party do the rest. If Republican conventions had stooped to such a quibble as that in the past they never would have nominated anybody, and the Republican party would have lost some of its best Presidents. I am not making my personal fight in this matter, however. I believe that whoever is nominated at Chicago will be elected. If I quote me at all, quote me to that effect."

"You have a solid confidence then that the party will win?"

"Not a bit of doubt of it. I don't even feel worried over the prospect of the nomination of Arthur. I believe that the Chicago convention will give us a ticket that will easily sweep the country."

How to Make Success Positive.

The Republican party owes it to the country to make satisfactory nominations. For a quarter of a century the people have kept the Republicans in power because they felt a corresponding responsibility and the question ought to be, not to see how much the people will bear, but how best to meet the wishes of the more intelligent and patriotic of the body politic. Not need there be any difficulty in reconciling the moral and political requirement.—*Providence Journal.*

The great majority of Republicans are morally bound with the above paragraph. The times now have the people declared in favor of the nomination of Hon. James G. Blaine and the convention ought to accede to the demand of the voters who will elect the next Republican President. If the convention was composed principally of delegates elected in those states where are the Republican numbers their choice, as it ought to be, Mr. Blaine would be nominated by a large majority on the first ballot. This is a disagreeable fact perhaps to some of the politicians and office-holders, but it is a fact nevertheless and it should be given great weight in deciding the action of the convention. Hon. James G. Blaine is the choice of the people and their wishes should be respected in order to make success sure. Long live the conclusion.

Our opinion is the Massachusetts delegation at least has the courage to acknowledge that it means to represent its constituents in the convention instead of the wishes of the Boston press, and he will vote for Mr. Blaine on the first ballot.

Hon. W. W. Rice, of Massachusetts, told the Boston *Gazette* correspondent at Chicago that he had looked over the field and thought Blaine would be elected slightly on the first ballot, and he thinks the possibility of his nomination is very strong.

Special Notices.

HOME CIRCLE.

[illegible]

Excursion to Northport!

[illegible]

Bona Fide

—AND—

UNSOLICITED

ENDORSEMENT.

[illegible]

GEO. S. SILSBY,
Main Street.

CARRIAGES!
CARRIAGES!
THOMPSON'S
PORTLAND CARRIAGES!

[illegible]

MR. FRANK P. WOOD,

[illegible]

E. & I. K. STETSON,

[illegible]

ZENAS THOMPSON, Jr.

Democratic Convention.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY CO.,

[illegible]

Convention at Chicago,

[illegible]

BOSTON TO CHICAGO AND RETURN, $21.65.

Blake, Barrows & Brown, City Agts.

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AT MARSTON'S

[illegible]

Summer Arrangement, 1884.

BANGOR & BAR HARBOR S. B. CO.

Beginning June 3d,

STMR. QUEEN CITY,

CAPT. BARBOUR,

Will Make Three Trips Per Week.

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RETURNING.

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Meals Served on Board.

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SAMUEL H. BARBOUR, Manager.

New Brunswick Railway Company.

OPERATING 448 MILES.

Summer Time Table.

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NORTH AND SOUTH DIVISIONS.

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THE BEST

PIANOS, ORGANS

—AND—

Sewing Machines

GUARANTEED BY

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NOTICE.

[illegible]

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Orders to buy carry or sell Stocks and Bonds in Boston and New York markets, promptly executed. Particulars on application.

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BANKERS,
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BATH,
Belfast and Rockland,

6 PER CENT. BONDS,

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DENOMINATIONS,

AND OTHER GOOD SECURITIES,

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MASON & REYNOLDS,
BANKERS,
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—THE—

PHOTOGRAPHER.

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BY MR. LOUIS C. EWER,

—AT—

C. L. DAKIN'S ART STORE,

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License Your Dogs.

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W. O. COLOMY & CO.,

We invite your attention to our

LINE OF NOVELTIES

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SPRING AND SUMMER SUITS,

—FOR—

CHILDREN, YOUTHS AND MEN.

Money Always Refunded If Wanted

No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

1884 Summer Arrangement 1884

Boston & Bangor S. S. Co.

Saturday, May 31st, 1884.

SIX TRIPS PER WEEK.

BANGOR and BOSTON

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Think of This.

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H. N. FAIRBANKS, General Agent,

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BOOTS,

Shoes and Slippers.

Kid Button Boots,

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Shoes and Slippers.

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Savings and Trust Funds in the Best Securities only--such as are for sale at lowest current rates by

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Ladies will find the latest
MILLINERY NOVELTIES.

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BOSTON POLISH,

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—FOR—

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Pure Paints, Oils and Varnishes,

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Practical Painters and Paper Hangers.
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Health Officer's Notice.

[illegible]

WHAT IS DYSPEPSIA?

Among the many symptoms of Dyspepsia or Indigestion the most prominent are: Variable appetite, fitful, gnawing feeling at pit of the stomach, with unsatisfied craving for food, heartburn, feeling of weight and wind in the stomach, bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, low spirits, general prostration, headache, constipation. There is no form of disease more prevalent than Dyspepsia, and none so persistently calling for the highest skill and most careful treatment. Among people who are old and tender, or who have Dyspepsia, also of a mild type, the BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS will prove the most easy to regulate the bowels and bring up the digestive organs. Sold everywhere.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

[illegible]

MARITIME MISCELLANY

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DOMESTIC PORTS.

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FOREIGN PORTS

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SPOKEN.

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Maine Telegraph Company.

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Poor, White & Greenough.

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Brokers and Dealers in Railway and all other Securities.

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FOR SALE.

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FOR SALE.

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HOP PLASTER

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LAME BACK

[illegible]

New Porto Rico

MOLASSES.

FRED T. HALL & CO.'S.

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ENTIRE STOCK OF FINE CLOTHING!

BROWN, BLUE OR BLACK CUTAWAY SUITS,
FINE, FANCY CASSIMERE SUITS,
INDIGO BLUE YACHT SUITS.

In Fact Our Entire Stock to be Sold at 25 per cent. Below Former Prices

EXAMINE THESE BARGAINS AT

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75 AND 77 EXCHANGE STREET.

Sign of the Dressed Man.

KIDNEY,

Bladder, Urinary, and Liver Diseases, Dropsy, Gravel, and Dullness are cured by

BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA,

THE BEST KIDNEY AND LIVER MEDICINE

BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA

cures Bright's Disease, Retention or Non-Retention of Urine, Pain in the Back, Loins or Side.

BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA

cures Intemperance, Nervous Diseases, General Debility, Want of Weakness, and Excesses.

BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA

cures Biliousness, Headache, Jaundice, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles.

BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA

ACTS AT ONCE on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, restoring them to a healthy action, and CURES when all other medicines fail. Remember the money will be refunded in every case of BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA does not do all claimed for it.

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ORANGES,
LEMONS AND BANANAS,

H. S. SANDS & CO.,
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Late in Life to Look for Joy—Let Never the Late to Wed!

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One Legged Skater and Gymnast

SKATING RINK

Afternoon and Evening

Don't Fail to See Him

He is the Wonder of the West

Everyone Who Saw Him Monday Evening Was Delighted

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Thursday Evening, June 5

GRAND CONCERT

Mosquitoes! Black Flies!

HARLOW'S "ANGLER'S COMFORT"

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Retail 25 Cents—Postage [illegible]

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HARLOW'S CORN REMOVER!

SAFE! SURE!

SATISFACTORY!

The best thing in the market (a corn is not to be had).

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How Do You Like Toothache?

Why Don't You Cure It?

TRY HARLOW'S TOOTHACHE DROPS

and your tooth will stop aching.

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"Sweet is Pleasure after pain," wrote John Dryden in one of his poems. He was probably thinking when he penned the line, of the last time he was shaved and shaved with a razor, and the pleasure he experienced after the painful removal of his beard to have the barber scold the pain with bay rum, powder rub, and John had lived to be shaved by such artistic men as we employ at our popular Tonsorial Parlors, the line would probably have remained unwritten, for pain is out of the question from these manipulations.

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Whig and Courier.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1884.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE CONVENTION.

Temporary Organization Perfected.

LYNCH OF MISSISSIPPI SELECTED.

He is Claimed to Be Friendly to Blaine.

THE STRENGTH OF THE "MAN FROM MAINE"

Causes Surprise Among His Opponents.

The Blaine Men Confident.

The Opposition Only United on The Question of Organization.

HENDERSON OF MISSOURI FOR PERMANENT CHAIRMAN.

A Ballot Not Expected Before Thursday.

officers if it desired. When, after the roll of delegates had been called, it was found that Lynch had been elected a scene of great excitement followed. Delegates rose in their seats, cheering, shouting and waving hats with the spectators joining. The chairman then said he had the honor of presenting as temporary chairman Hon. John R. Lynch of Mississippi.

Speech of the Chairman.

The chair said: Gentlemen of the convention I feel I ought not to say I thank you for the distinguished honor you have conferred on me for I do not. Nevertheless from a standpoint that no patriot should fail to respond to his country's call and that no loyal member of the party should fail to comply with the demand of the party I yielded with reluctance. I am prepared and I hope every member of this convention is prepared to return to his home with the unalterable determination to give to the candidates of this convention loyal and hearty support whoever they may be. (Cheers.) I am satisfied in my own mind that when we go before the people, our action will be ratified because the great heart of the American people will never consent to hand political party gain ascendency in this government whose chief reliances are fraudulent ballots and violence at the polls. (Applause.) I am satisfied the people of this country are too loyal ever to allow a fraud to be inaugurated President whose title to the position is brought forth in fraud."

Question of Representation.

At the conclusion of Mr. Lynch's remarks it was suggested by Hon. John Martin, and adopted, that Hon. A. Shepard, of New York, and J. W. Lee, of Pennsylvania, be chosen assistant secretaries to serve during the pendency of the temporary organization. The chairmen of the delegations then announced the names of persons selected to serve on the various committees of the convention. Henry L. Pierce of Massachusetts, presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the subject of a revised apportionment of delegates to future National Conventions and of a revised apportionment of the members of the National Committee be referred to the Committee on Rules and Order of Business, with leave to report before ballot for President.

After some discussion the resolution was adopted.

Blaine Shows Greater Strength Than Has Been Conceded.

At 1:15 p. m. the convention adjourned till 11 to-morrow. After carefully studying the vote for temporary chairman, it does not appear to have been really a test of strength, as some delegates voted with a view of sustaining the National Committee leaving other questions to be decided later, while others voted for Lynch with a view to his effect on the colored vote. It was found that Blaine and Logan after the vote was ascertained, had greater strength in the convention than before supposed, while the adherents of the independents and dark horses seemed to be satisfied with the position which they held between the main contending forces.

The Temporary Chairman Friendly to Mr Blaine.

When Powell Clayton was selected by the National Committee for temporary chairman some members of that committee voted for him on the personal ground that he had long been connected with the committee as a representative from Arkansas, and without knowing that the action involved any political meaning whatever. Otherwise the contest that ensued would have been avoided in the selection of some other member. Those responsible for bringing Clayton forward had not calculated on the convention overriding the action of the committee as precedents were cited for approaching such appointments. The independents decided to make an issue on this selection and formed a combination with the Arthur men for that purpose. The votes were cast largely on this issue, but not all of them as some Arthur men voted for Clayton in order to sustain the committee and some Blaine men voted for Mr Lynch, who is declared to be for Blaine.

The Edmunds men are very jubilant and claim that the field against Blaine is strong enough to defeate the nominee. On the other hand the Blaine men say there are Arthur men who will go to Blaine if they see no chance for their favorite and the vote has shown them to be stronger than has heretofore been conceded, that in fact there are 312 votes in a compact body. Maine voted solidly for Clayton, Massachusetts 17 voted 15 for Clayton 3, New Hampshire, 8 voted 7 for Clayton 1.

Incidents of the Convention.

The proceedings of the day while characterized by great earnestness and been watchfulness to detect any evidence that the tide was turning in any direction were not prolific in dramatic incidents, for the reason that a large share of the session was occupied by routine work, calling of the roll and selection of temporary chairman. The heart of the proceedings was only relieved from monotony by the glimpses of personal characteristics and phases of feeling indicated by numbers as they rose one at a time to announce their personal or political preferences for temporary chairman. The first sensation of the nature was manifested after Chairman Sabin announced the name of Powell Clayton of Arkansas for the choice of the National Committee for temporary chairman of the convention when Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, rose and moved to substitute the name of John R. Lynch, one of the colored delegates from Mississippi. Though some such motion was not unanticipated it caused a decided sensation.

The conference at which Lynch was determined on was held this morning. The first general demonstration was made when on the call of the roll Virginia was reached and the name of Gen. Mahone was called. A general cheer arose from the main floor and the galleries and interrupted the roll for a brief time. Theodore Roosevelt, the young New Yorker, who has so suddenly sprung into prominence in the politics of his State, also received a marked evidence of recognition when he rose to speak.

When the roll was completed Powell Clayton was the centre of observation as he mounted the chair at the head of the Arkansas delegation and with a degree of deliberation and outward calm, which was scarcely to be anticipated under the circumstances, announced that he was not present when his name was called and that he desired to cast his vote for his opponent. The announcement of the result of the ballot for temporary chairman was the signal for a general outburst of applause, and when it subsided Powell Clayton still with great apparent calmness, rose to make the vote unanimous.

About the only other points of interest was when W. G. Donnor of Iowa presented the voluminous memorial from the Women's Christian Temperance Union, and was rewarded by the clapping of gloved hands in the gallery, and when Leslie W. Russell of New York presented a resolution empowering the committee on resolutions to receive and consider the memorial from the Irish National League of America on the question of the proprietorship of land in the United States by aliens.

The Committee on Resolutions.

of the National Convention met at the Grand Pacific at eight p. m. and elected Tom McKinley, Jr., of Ohio, chairman, and Walter Phelps, of New Jersey, Secretary. A sub-committee consisting of Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, J. H. Baker, Indiana, Geo. R. Peck, Kansas, W. E. Elam, Virginia, J. M. Bynum, Mississippi, Judge Elbert Colorado, and Davis, California, was appointed, who, with the Chairman and Secretary, will prepare a platform and report to the full committee at 9 a. m. to-morrow. After the appointment of sub-committee Alexander Sullivan appeared before the committee on behalf of the Executive Committee of the Irish National League and delivered a long and interesting address on the subject of the ownership of American land by foreigners.

But they Don't Hold the Balance of Power.

Leaders of Edmunds' movement held a consultation in rooms of Geo. Wm Curtis tonight and in view that they held the balance of power they decided to keep up the fight until either sufficient votes came their way, to decide the contest in his favor, or else give their strength to some one of their liking. Some of the Edmunds men afters and held a consultation with the Arthur people and the bond between the two appears binding enough to cause them to join hands as against the Blaine people.

Permanent Organization.

The committee on permanent organization was in session till a late hour this evening. After election of Geo. E. Williams, of Indiana, chairman, the committee proceeded to organize by the appointment of Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, as sub-committee chairman. Hon. Galusha A. Grow, of Pennsylvania was put in nomination by the friends of Blaine and Hon. J. G. Henderson, of Missouri by the opposition. Henderson was elected by a vote of 20 to 17. Charles W. Clisbee, of Michigan, was unanimously elected Secretary.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES

CHICAGO, June 3.—The Republican National Convention, the eighth in the history of the party, convened at noon to-day. The spectacle presented at the opening was a notable one in many ways, and its description would be worthy a high flight of the imagination. The working body of the convention, the greatest in point of numbers in the history of national political assemblages, occupied only a small portion of the vast auditorium. The remaining body of the hall was filled by an audience which occupied every point of vantage and made up a picture, as viewed from the press stand, of an almost unbending sea of faces and of uncovered heads, relieved by the rich colors of the elegant toilets of the ladies, who were present in great force.

The hall is the largest and has been termed the most complete ever thrown open for the work of a vast deliberative body. The seating capacity approximates 13,000. Springing upon the east and west sides of the hall are vast arches which rise two hundred feet in the air and relieve the view through the entire expanse of the auditorium. The speaker's desk rests on a platform 12 feet above the seats of the delegates and the press occupies an intermediate space midway in height, or about level with the heads of the delegates. Back of the chair, ranged in a semi-circle and on a level space, are seated the remaining officers of the education, members of the National Committee and Immediate friends.

Back of this circle, on a slightly rising incline, are one thousand seats occupied by a great many persons of national repute whose presence here is by grace of the National Committee.

Swinging over the desk of the chairman and fairly touching the arches is a wide spreading sounding board and embracing the side extremes of the building. Delegates and alternates occupy a dead level space bounded by square lines. They are hemmed in on two sides by tiers of boxes occupied mainly by guests of the delegates. The section of the hall occupied by the working body of the convention is broken by four wide aisles from the edges of which the Roman standards bearing pendants with blue silk banners imprinted in gold with the motto of the States and Territories.

Beginning on the left, facing the stage, is the State of Alabama, and back through the first tier of seats follow Arkansas, California, Connecticut and so on down through the line of States in alphabetical turn to Maine. Beginning again on the right and row is Maryland, with Massachusetts immediately in front and ending with the District of Columbia in the front row in the second tier. New York occupies the front row in the third and Ohio holds a capital position in the fourth and remaining tier. Back of the delegates is a similar space occupied by alternates. In the rear of the alternates is a commodious seating space, the chairs resting on an easy incline. To complete the picture narrow galleries run along the west sides of the hall its entire length.

The first to arrive on the scene were the staff of correspondents and assistants representing the great journals of the entire country. The accommodations proved to be ample. Before 10 o'clock the main auditorium began to be sprinkled with early comers and when the band began to play the stream of arrivals became steady and increasing. The flock of the delegates began to arrive at 11:30 and the full delegations were in their allotted places before noon.

The following members of the U. S. Senate were present among the delegates and on the platform: Aldrich, Blair, Hale, Platt, Miller, New York, Miller, California, Sewall, Mahone, Palmer, Conger, Harrison, Cullom, Sabin, Plumb, Manderson, Hoar, Dolph and Jones, of Nevada. Among the Representatives in Congress forming a part of the State delegations and among the observers of the scene were Boutelle, Milliken and Dingley, of Maine, Steward, of Vermont, Rice, of Massachusetts and others.

The Gavel.

At 12:24 the chair announced that the hour having arrived for the meeting of the Eighth Republican National Convention the convention would be opened by prayer by Rev. Frank Bristol, of Chicago. The gavel used by the chairman is a beautiful piece of workmanship. A letter of presentation accompanying it reads as follows:

We have the pleasure no less than the honor of presenting to you a gavel which is made of woods from every State and territory in the Union, including Alaska and the handle of it is from the old Charter Oak tree of Hartford, Conn. This gavel is solid unit and through it all the States speak with one voice. If the delegates from all the States and Territories from which this gavel comes will act in a manner equally limited the happiness interests of the country will be conserved.

(Signed) A. H. Monroe & Co.

The Indiana Delegation.

At a meeting of the Indiana delegation this morning it voted to present Harrison as a candidate and it is said that 15 of these will surely vote for him. This action has created intense excitement and promises to upset previous calculations.

FROM WASHINGTON.

News About the Capital

The Regular Bulletin—This Time He Isn't a Candidate.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The Washington Post (Dem.) makes the following editorial statements: The Post has authentic and reliable information, full and complete, that Mr Tilden will not be a candidate before the July convention and will not accept the nomination under any circumstances. A letter containing these statements over his own signature will be read at the New York Democratic Convention of June 18th.

FORTY EIGHTH CONGRESS—First Session.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 3. Among the petitions presented was one by Mr Brown from the Georgia Medical Society, of Savannah, and other medical institutions, praying that a reward of $10,000 be offered for the discovery of yellow fever germs and means for preventing the spread or providing a cure for that disease.

The Senate agreed that when it adjourned it be to Friday next.

By half past five the proceedings lost all interest for the candidates and for most of their fellow Senators. The clerk read on, and the occupant of the chair repeated his formula, "Shall the bill pass, those in favor will say aye." No response. "Those opposed say no." No response. "The ayes have it," and the bill passed. Bills and resolutions were received from Chicago about the temporary chairmanship and were apparently received with greater interest by those who were not candidates than those who were. By half past three the end of the calendar was reached. All the candidates except Senator Hawley, who was in the chair, had taken their departure. One hundred and eighteen bills had been taken up, 63 passed, one or two postponed and the remainder set aside temporarily under objection.

Senator Hale in an exhausted tone moved the Senate adjourned and the Senators sauntered to the cloak room and put on their hats. The chairman the question to which nobody responded and declared the Senate stood adjourned till next Friday morning.

BASE BALL.

Tuesday's Record.

At Boston: Boston, 11; Philadelphias, 6.

At New York: Cincinnatis, 10; Metropolitans, 6.

At Brooklyn: Louisvilles, 6; Brooklyns, 7.

At Philadelphia: Athletics, 12; St. Louis, 4—8 innings.

At Baltimore: Baltimores, 4; Toledos, 4—8 innings.

At Pittsburg: Indianapolis, 3; Alleghenys, 2.

At Chicago: Chicago, 4; Buffalos, 3.

At Providence: New York, 13; Providence, 7.

MAINE NEWS.

AT HOME.

Mr. Blaine's Arrival at Augusta—Great Enthusiasm on the Road—Ovation in Massachusetts—An Idle Rumor Denied.

AUGUSTA, June 3. Hon. James G. Blaine reached his home in this city this evening. His friends here telegraphed him early in the day in Boston, tendering him a public reception, which he at once declined. On arrival he drove promptly to his house, reaching his carriage through the large crowd which had assembled at the station to greet him.

At many of the railroad stations on the journey to-day large numbers of people had assembled to cheer him, but he declined to make any response except to raise his hat as he stood on the platform. It was noted with some interest that the demonstrations in Massachusetts were especially enthusiastic. At Salem it was very cordial, and at Newburyport it was a perfect ovation. There is no truth in the report that a special telegraph wire has been placed in Mr. Blaine's house, nor has he sent a telegram of any kind whatever to Chicago. On being informed by the Associated Press agent that a rumor had been received of an interview with him in some afternoon papers of Boston and New York, he said they were totally unauthorized. During the homeward journey he made no expression whatever as to his own prospects or the prospects of any other candidate before the Chicago Convention but, on the contrary, pointedly and repeatedly declined to do so. Mr. Blaine appears to be in excellent health and in the best of spirits.

THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

The Graduating Class.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 3. The graduating class at the Naval Academy numbers 18, among them the following whose standing is indicated by the accompanying numbers: No 5, Frederick F. Curtis of Massachusetts. No 10, Roger Weller, Jr., of Connecticut. No 11, H. F. Parmenter, of Rhode Island. No 20, Fred J. Loomis, of Connecticut. No 21, Isaac Seymour, of Maine. No 43, Sydney Smith of Massachusetts.

Fatal Accident.

BELFAST, June 3. Elon F. Russell, brakeman on the Belfast Branch Railroad was killed at Thorndike, this evening by the cars. He was about thirty five years old and married.

THE WEATHER

WAR DEPT. OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
Washington, D. C., June 4—1 a. m.

Indications.

For New England: Fair weather, west to south winds, becoming variable, slight rise, followed by slight fall in temperature.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

[illegible]

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, June 3. FLOUR.—Receipts, 16,181 ex; sales 15,450. No 2, 2.30@3.00; super, [illegible] Western; 3 State 3.00@3.30; common to good extra Western and State 3.40@3.60; good to choice do 3.65@5.50; fancy to good extra Ohio 5.50@6.00; common to choice white wheat Western extra 5.50@6.00; fancy to choice do 6.00@6.50; common to choice extra St. Louis 3.50@5.25; City mill extras, 5.00@5.00; winter wheat extras 3.50@4.; Minnesota extra 3.40@5.25; superfine Commerce fair 3.60@4.25; good to choice do 4.50@5.25.

WHEAT.—Sales 322,000 bu. No 2 Chicago 85c; No 3 Red 87½c; No 2 do elevator 90c; No 2 Red, May, 91c; elevator 90c; No 1 Red State, 91c; No 2 White State, 1.12.

RYE.—Sales 40,000 bu. No 2 Western 58c; No 2 Canada 60c; State 60c.

CORN.—Sales 31,000 bu. No 3 Old, 61c; No 2 Western 74½c; all white, [illegible].

OATS.—Sales 236,000 bu. No 2 38c; white 38c; No 3 White, 40c; white 39@43c; No 2 Chicago 40c; white State 41@45c; No 2 Western 38@39c; white State 41@45c.

BARLEY.—Sales 11,000 bu. No 3 Canada, 60c; State 60c.

BARLEY MALT.—Sales 11,000 bu. No 2 Western 1.00@1.05; State 1.00@1.05.

PORK.—Mess 17.00@17.25; family mess 17.50@18.00.

LARD.—Western steam 8.20@8.30; refined, 8.60@8.65; refined Continent 8.80@8.85; South America 9.00@9.10.

BUTTER.—Creamery, 10@20; State dairy, 8@18; Western dairy, 8@18; Western creamery, 12@18; Western factory, 8@12; Western imitation creamery, 12@14; State, 12@15.

Chicago Produce Market.

CHICAGO, June 3. FLOUR.—Dull and weak.

WHEAT.—No 2 Spring, 80c; No 3 Spring, 80c; No 2 Red, 84c.

CORN.—No 2, 54@54½c.

OATS.—No 2, 32@32½c.

RYE.—No 2, 57c.

BARLEY.—No 2, 60c.

PORK.—Mess, 17.00@17.05.

LARD.—Prime steam, 8.12½@8.15.

Business Items.

HIS SUPERB GLASS EYE.

"The Squire," says the author of "The Hoosier Schoolmaster," "wore one glass eye and a wig. The glass eye was constantly slipping out of focus, and the wig turning around sidewise on his head when over he addressed the people of the Flat Creek District." Sad spectacle. Parker's Hair Balsam preserves and promotes the growth of the natural hair. It also restores the natural color to hair which has faded or become gray. Clean, elegant, beautiful, highly perfumed.

jun1 WS&w1m

Bedsteads of every style are furnished at low prices at Paine's Furniture Warerooms, 48 Cross St., Boston. Send for Photos and price list. 1t

Pure blood helps to make a clear conscience. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood. Enough said. Send us a big bottle.

BETTER THAN DIAMONDS.

and of greater value than fine gold is a great tonic and renovator like Kidney-Wort. It expels all poisonous humors from the blood, tones up the system and by acting directly on the most important organs of the body stimulates them to healthy action and restores health. It has effected many marvelous cures, and for all Kidney diseases and other kindred troubles it is an invaluable remedy.

my30 eod&w1w

JUST REVIVED AND THEN CURED.

Was troubled for a year with torpid liver and indigestion, and after trying everything imaginable used Burdock Blood Bitters. The first bottle revived me and the second cured me entirely. J. S. Williamson, Rochester, N. Y.

jun2 d&w1w

LOOK OUT FOR FRAUDS.

Benson's Capsine Porous Plasters are widely imitated. Word Capsine cut in the genuine. Be careful. Price 25c.

jun3 SW&w

We know Heart Disease can be cured by Dr. Greene's Heart Regulator and know it does the cure.—Plympton News. Order bottle at druggists.

jun31 d&w1w

LOCAL MATTERS.

Col. J. B. Peaks, of Dover, is in the city.

Fish Commissioner Stanley is in the city.

The graduating exercises at the Castine Normal school take place to-morrow.

Dr. Thomas is in his Bangor office between the hours of 10 and 12 in the forenoon.

Gov. Robie has nominated Mr. Herschel Boynton, of Augusta, Commissioner of Pharmacy.

The steamer Howard makes an excursion to Northport to-day leaving here at eight o'clock in the morning.

Mr. C. P. Kimball gave a Magic Lantern exhibition in Stetson's Hall last evening, of various scenes in California.

The steamer Frank Jones made an excursion from Annapolis to Bar Harbor yesterday. The trip included a ride to the top of Green Mountain.

Prof. Ernl, the one legged wonder, repeats in the skating rink, this afternoon and evening the interesting exhibit made by him on Monday night.

Mr. Charles C. Spillman, of Freeport, has been appointed American Express messenger on the steamer Katahdin between this city and Boston.

Regular business meeting of the Crusade this afternoon at half past two. Prayer meeting at four to which all are cordially invited. Held in the Reading Rooms, Franklin street.

The next meeting of the Penobscot Farmers Club will be held at Town Hall, Orono Friday, June 13, at 10 A. M. The subject for discussion will be "What are the best methods of farming in Penobscot county?"

CAPTURE OF YOUTHFUL BURGLARS. About ten o'clock last evening, policemen Fleming and Rice made quite a capture. It seems three boys had broken into the Exchange street store of I. C. Norton & Co. through a window in the back part of the establishment. The suspicions of the officers were aroused and they gained entrance to the store succeeding in arresting all three of the youthful burglars. The boys range in age from eight to thirteen years and are named Dan Maloy, Thomas Golden and John Murphy. Upon being taken in custody they were removed to the station house where they passed the night. These same chaps have recently broken into several other stores and their capture is a fortunate occurrence.

HYMENEAL. The residence of Frank Hight, Esq., corner of Ohio and Hammond Streets was yesterday forenoon the scene of a very pleasant event it being the marriage of his daughter, Miss Alice D. Hight to Mr. Harry Merrill. The ceremony was felicitously performed by Rev. H. T. Griffin, assisted by Rev. S. P. Fay in the presence of immediate relatives and a small number of very intimate friends of the contracting parties. The presents were profuse and very fine, showing the esteem in which Mr. and Mrs. Merrill are held in this community. The happy couple departed on the Flying Yankee in the afternoon for a trip of a fortnight during which Montreal, Saratoga Springs and other places will be visited. The best wishes of their multitude of Bangor friends accompany them.

BLUEHILL ITEMS. Our Bluehill correspondent writes: There is a large amount of planting to be done yet on account of the very wet spring.—Memorial day was duly observed. After the services at the cemetery a large audience listened to the address from Rev. Mr. Howard at the Baptist church. Rev. Mr. Howard also gave a free lecture to a large audience on the Siege of Vicksburg at the Baptist church in the evening. It was very interesting.—Mr. J. Partridge, of Bucksport, has several beautiful oil paintings on exhibition in H. C. Parker's store window.—High Sheriff Leffingwell is at the Copper and Gold Exchange.—Rev. Mr. Wilder of the Congregational society gave a reception Saturday evening at which he was presented with a large Bible from the young ladies.—Mr. McIntyre is doing quite a business in paint making.—Very few cases of sickness to report.

ST. ALBANS. A correspondent writes: The Geo. Goodwin Post G. A. R., of St. Albans, with St. Albans Grange, Hartland Lodge of Odd Fellows, and citizens, observed Memorial Day in decorating the graves of their deceased comrades with flags and flowers at the Hartland and St. Albans cemeteries. A appropriate and interesting remarks were made by Rev. Friend and Byram, Dr. Pusher and others. A pic-nic dinner was furnished at Town Hall for those living at a distance and at 3 o'clock an eloquent and appropriate address was delivered by Hon. J. O. Bailey, of Hartland, followed by remarks from Mrs. A. T. Vining, Mrs. R. F. Hubbrook, Miss Abbie Brown and J. L. Field. The master of St. Albans Grange, Commander G. A. Wing, presided, and in a few brief remarks tendered the thanks of the Post to the citizens who contributed funds towards purchasing a beautiful silk flag for their use on memorial and other occasions.

MEMORIAL DAY AT BRADFORD. A Bradford correspondent writes: Memorial services were held at this place, May 30th, under the auspices of Charles D. Jameson Post, No 110, G. A. R. Detachments from this Post, were in the forenoon, engaged in decorating soldiers' graves in different parts of the town. At 2 o'clock P. M., the members of the G. A. R. assembled at their hall, from which they marched in a body, to the cemetery near the village, where an impressive ceremony was held and the graves were decorated. The procession then moved to the Union Church where further services were held. The meeting was opened by Post Commander, Hon. Thomas H. Wentworth, prayer was offered by the Chaplain, D. W. Emerson, and the roll of honor was read by Adjt. John F. Wilson. Dr. E. S. Coan, of Garland, then delivered an eloquent, earnest address which, from beginning to end, received the close attention of all present. The Church was decorated with wreaths of evergreen, and small flags were tastefully arranged. A large American flag was suspended back of the speaker's stand. After singing "America," the services were closed by a benediction by the Chaplain. Charles D. Jameson Post has been organized but a short time and this is the first memorial service conducted by it. It is very gratifying to the Post to know that its efforts are appreciated, as was attested by the people who were present in large numbers.

New Advertisements.

The Bangor Stoneware Co. advertises garden vases.

H. S. Sands & Co. have a fruit announcement.

C. B. Pearl offers a house for sale.

See notice house to rent.

See notice annual meeting of the Maine Telegraph Company.

A residence in Castine to let.

Sleighing and sleigh robes are announced in clothing of Waterman's clothing store.

BANGOR THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.

Yesterday's Examinations—Eloquent Address Before the Rhetorical Society by Rev Reuben Thomas—To-day's Programme.

The annual public examination of the classes at the Theological Seminary began yesterday, and will continue to-day. The exercises were conducted in the chapel, and were well attended. The students acquitted themselves creditably, and their answers to the questions propounded showed much careful study and patient thought on their part during the past year.

At nine o'clock the Juniors were examined in New Testament exegesis. During the year this class has critically studied with Prof. Ropes seventeen chapters in John preliminary to their work, carefully investigating the genuineness and authenticity of the gospel. In addition to this they have received lectures on the history of the English Bible, from the version of John Wycliffe, 1384, to the latest revision, also a lecture on hermeneutics. The examination lasted two hours, the young men being questioned not only by their Professor but by the visitors. At eleven o'clock the Seniors and Middlers were examined in homiletics. Plans of sermons were submitted for criticism by Messrs. Harriman and Drisko. Each member of the class was then called upon to speak extemporaneously on some subject closely related to the work of preaching. This part of the proceedings was very enjoyable and interesting to the spectators.

In the afternoon the Seniors and Middlers were examined in Hebrew exegesis by Prof. Denio at two o'clock. Since the winter vacation these classes have been at work in Isaiah, reciting in addition a weekly lecture from their professor on some topic of Old Testament theology. At three o'clock came the examination of the Senior class in Church History, conducted by Prof. Paine in his usual enthusiastic manner. The exercises for the day closed at the Seminary with the reunion of the Juniors in Hebrew by Prof. Denio. Beginning last fall with no knowledge of this difficult language, the students have then ugily mastered its principles and are now able to read at sight with comparative ease any chapter in the Old Testament. Their rapid progress must be very gratifying to themselves and spirit shown augurs for the full success and efficiency of the training institution.

TRUSTEES' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Trustees of the Bangor Theological Seminary was held yesterday afternoon in the chapel. There were present: Rev. Benj. Tappan, D.D., Norridgewock, President; Rev. S. H. Hayes, Boston, Mass.; Rev. S. P. Fay, Dorchester, Mass.; Geo. A. Hatchet, Esq.; Isaac M. Bragg, Esq.; Samuel D. Thurston, Esq.; Rev. J. F. Adams, Edm. I. Crosby, Esq., Bangor.

The election of officers for the ensuing year were as follows:

President—Rev. B. Tappan.

Vice President—George A. Hatchet, Esq.

Secretary—Hon. J. S. Wheelwright.

Treasurer—S. D. Thurston, Esq.

Auditor—W. S. Dennett, Esq.

Librarian—Prof. J. F. Paine.

Finance Committee—Messrs. Hatchet, Wheelwright, Bragg and Crosby.

A resolve was passed expressing the regret of the Board at the recent death of one of their number, Rev. Wooster Parker, late of Bluehill.

The following gentlemen were elected Trustees:

Rev. Charles G. McCully, of Calais, Rev. Wooster Parker, deceased, Hon. Wm. W. Thomas, Portland, Hon. Nelson Dingley, term expired.

ADDRESS BY REV. REUBEN THOMAS.

Hammond street church was filled in the evening at the anniversary of the Rhetorical Society. Mr. N. H. Harriman, president of the society, called upon the Rev. Dr. White of Boston, for the opening prayer. Rev. Reuben Thomas, Ph. D., of Brookline, Mass., was introduced and spoke in his inimitable manner for fifty-five minutes holding the closest attention of his large audience. His subject was "The Christian Ministry in its Relation to the Thought and Feeling of the Generation in which it finds itself, and his address fairly teemed with original, manly thought, expressed in vigorous English, the whole filtered by frequent flashes of wit.

Not a few people, said Mr. Thomas in opening, regard the Christian ministry as a peculiar calling, of no use to society, the only excuse for its existence being an old prejudice which cannot be uprooted. Every other profession seems to truffle in the region of visibility, but the ministry deals with the invisible. But the invisible in man has a curious way of breaking through the visible. It is the business of the minister to study men and he should be constantly on the alert for indications of character. The human voice is a faithful index. Be sure to study tones in human voices as well as expression in human faces. Was it Socrates who said to the young man, "Speak, that I may know you?" I have listened to the leading British orators. Gladstone speaks and there is consistence in every intonation; Bright, and rectitude is stamped on every syllable. Norman Macleod impressed his hearers as a man who couldn't do a mean thing if he tried.

I once talked at some length with William Lloyd Garrison who was entertaining me with reminiscences of his stirring career. He spoke in that easy, conversational tone, which was characteristic of him, and which captivated the ear, until he touched upon some points in his personal history which were of especial interest, and then his voice rang out like a trumpet and the leader of men was revealed. You need not go to the theatre young men, to study human nature. This is the last place to do it. The theatre is full of illusions and delusions. You can study human nature in the pages of Dickens, Thackery and Bulwer Lytton, but better in the parlors, parks and in the crowded street. You study men not as the anatomist, to dissect them in cool scientific investigation, but to learn how to make yourself most helpful to them. One of the first essentials of success in the christian minister is this recognition of character.

Mr. Thomas then urged his hearers to be live men, in sympathy with the age in which they live. Fossilization means death; the moment a man stops growing he stops living. We belong to this generation. It is not true that every age is alike, and that every generation is a copy of what went before. The New England of today is not the New England of fifty or a hundred years ago. The speaker mentioned the peculiar dangers which menace us—a sensational and debasing periodical literature, and the spirit of communism which is rife everywhere. The pulpit is the safeguard of society. No other agency touches man on his spiritual side, revealing to him his moral obligations, and striving to lead him into a right relation with God and with his fellow men. If the pulpit were to be silent for one generation, society would become debauched and polluted, and anarchy and demonism run riot from Boston to San Francisco, from Bangor to New Orleans. The minister of to-day must be a man of discernment and courage. He must not alone be a man of the study and closet, who knows a good deal about the dead and but little of the living. If God had wanted us in the nineteenth century he would have put us there. The minister must be a man of his age, in full sympathy with it, but not carried away by its delusions and captured by its idols. He must rebuke wrong and unrighteousness, and boldly confront popular superstitions when they run counter to the Gospel of Christ.

This Seminary is yearly sending out men to the town and city of the State, not to minister to the body as a physician, not to settle quarrels over property as the lawyer, nor to assist in the administration of justice as do the better class of men in the legal profession, but to enter upon the highest work to which a man can be called—to preach the kingdom of God. No man without a strong will, a capacious intellect and a tender heart, ought to enter the sacred calling. The old superstitious feeling for the ministry is gone, but all true men must reverence a man who is under the strange spell which held Christ, and is trying to bring others into the same condition. Mr. Thomas, in closing, spoke of some of the compensations of the Christian minister, and held up a lofty ideal of a true minister, which he urged his hearers to strive to attain.

At the close of the address, a hymn was sung by the congregation, after which the benediction was pronounced by Prof. Paine.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

9:30 A. M. Middle Class in Theology, Prof. Storrs.

11:15. Middle Class in Church History, Prof. Paine.

1 P. M. Alumni dinner at the Library.

7:30 P. M. Graduating exercises of the Senior Class at Hammond Street Church.

CITY AFFAIRS.

The regular meeting of the City Council for the month of June was held last evening and the following business transacted:

IN BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

License was granted Samuel S. Smith & Son to erect a stationary steam engine in brick building No 80 Exchange street.

Notice was ordered for hearing of all parties assessed for extension of sewer on Merriman street at Aldermen's room, 17th inst., at 7:30 P. M.

Order passed to pay N. P. Marston $2 per week for support of pauper.

Petition of I. M. Bryant to lay out Pier street, referred to Committee on Streets and Highways.

Order passed for a special committee to report a plan for the management and distribution of the Hire new Relief Fund and Aldermen Simpson and Jewell were appointed on part of the Board of Aldermen.

Order passed for the City Marshal to strictly enforce the ordinance prohibiting the selling of fruit goods or other things on the streets also prohibiting the placing of any box, bale of goods or other articles on any sidewalk so as to encumber the same or suffer the same to remain over night also prohibiting the over driver of any carriage cart, truck wagon etc. from stopping or placing the same across any sidewalk or crosswalk so as to hinder the free passing of foot passengers.

Petition for the purchase of new ballot boxes which cancel and register the number of ballots rejected to be used in all elections referred to a special committee of the Mayor and Aldermen York and Simpson.

Orders were passed for the City Engineer to make survey and list of proposed assessments for construction of sewers in Warren street, Hampden road and Dale street.

Order passed to grant lot on Main street to E. A. Crockett & Co.

Ordinances were passed amendatory to ordinances relating truants and absentees from school, also the lighting and hedge of logs.

Claim of O. F. Eyler for damages referred to Committee on By Laws and Police Regulations.

Petition to extend Meadow brook sewer referred to Committee on Sewers.

Petition for crosswalk on Essex street referred to Committee on Streets and Highways.

Petition to extend Jefferson street referred to Committee on Streets and Highways.

Order passed for Street Engineer to lay out Barker street and report same to City Council.

Petition for gas lights in the Hand street referred to Committee on Gas.

Order to purchase 1,000 feet of leading hose for Fire Department passed.

Petition for repairs on Hammond street referred to Committee on Streets and Highways.

The Committee on Finance reported a resolve making the following appropriations which was passed:

Highway Fund	$18,000.00
Bridges	10,000.00
School Fund	29,000.00
Pauper	14,000.00
Incidental	8,500.00
Salary	2,000.00
Fire	500.00
Police	6,000.00
Sewers	11,000.00
Water	500.00
Gas	500.00
Interest	5,500.00
Discount on Taxes	12,000.00

Order passed to appropriate $500 to be expended on the public parks.

Order for crosswalk on Ohio street referred and laid on the table.

IN COMMON COUNCIL.

Committee on Streets and Highways reported on petition of Jas. Campbell for damages to his hotel caused by blasting on Railroad, that petitioner have leave to withdraw.

Councilmen Emery and Averill appointed to committee on "Firemen's Relief Fund."

The committee on part of this Board on matter of new ballot-boxes are Messrs. Noyes, Bragg, Prescott, Carr and President Gotchell.

Concurred in all other matters.

Adjourned to Tuesday 17th inst., at 7:30 P. M.

FROM AROOSTOOK.

Easton Notes.

A correspondent writes: Aroostook weather is decidedly phenomenal. The 29th of May brought a brisk snow storm which lasted all day. Between six and eight inches fell and the birds were almost as white as in mid winter. The weather came around cold that night and ice formed wherever there was a puddle of water. Plum trees which were in full bloom probably have been so seriously injured that the crop will be a failure. The ancient inhabitant says the like has not been known before for many years. The season has been very wet, which has greatly retarded farm work. Only a small part of the potato crop has been put in. A few days of warm, dry weather would be a God send to the farmers.

Memorial Day was appropriately observed at Sprague's Mills by Reuel Arnold Post, No 104, G. A. R. During the day graves were decorated, in both of the town cemeteries. In the evening there was a supper at Smith's Hall, the proceeds of which were given to the family of Mr. Lord, an ex-soldier who was killed by the boiler explosion in Kimball and Dyer's mill, last fall. After supper an excellent address was delivered by Rev. Geo. H. Park, of Presque Isle. Short speeches were also made by George Bridges, E. W. Sprague and T. S. Estes. The other exercises consisted of a declamation by L. O. Doe, recitation by Mrs. Mary Annas and two solos by Charles Wheeler. All of the exercises were fine and appropriate to the occasion. The Post now has about thirty members.

The Odd Fellows have commenced work on a new structure a little north of Smith's store, which when completed will contain two halls, one for lodge purposes and the other for public uses. E. W. Sprague and Jonathan Estes are also erecting new houses.

Hired help is scarce and in good demand. Good men can get from a dollar to a dollar and a quarter per day. This is better than going "west" and working for board alone.

AMUSEMENTS.

Little Corinne.

Next Saturday's matinee performance at the Opera House by the Corinne Merrie Makers will be devoted to a representation of a new musical comedy entitled "Capers or Fun in a Boarding School." The ladies and little folks will, doubtless, be out in full force. In the evening the operatic extravaganza entitled "Fritz" will be given. Both pieces abound in the latest operatic music, song and dance and fun generally. The sale of seats for the evening performance will open at the box office to-morrow morning.

Benefit Concert.

We again call the attention of our citizens to the concert to-morrow night at City Hall for the benefit of Dr. Waggatt. A fine programme will be given by some of our best local talent and the worthy object, together with the excellence of the concert should draw a full house.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

HON. NATHAN WEBB, District Judge.
HON. WILLIAM L. FOSTER, U. S. District Attorney.
HON. GEO. P. BOWLES, U. S. Marshal.
WM. P. PIERCE, Esq., Clerk.

The June term of the U. S. District Court opened in the Court Room, in the Government Building in this city at 10 o'clock yester

Household Hints.

[New York Evening Post.]

A most wedding dish for dessert is made of a cake almost an inch and a half deep when it is baked. The cake should not be made. Put a light meringue on the top, brown it in the oven, cut the cake in square pieces, and serve warm with wine sauce, or with lemon sauce. The sauce must be at the boiling point, but it should not pour around the cake so that it will saturate it readily. If properly made, it is delicious.

A dainty custard for tea, or to be served with puddings, is made of two tablespoonfuls of corn-starch to one quart of milk, three eggs and sugar and flavoring to suit the taste. Beat the whites of the eggs separately and put a stiff froth. Cook the custard in a pipkin, placing the basin in which you put it in another pan of boiling water, for it is the steamed take it from the fire, and add to the whites of the eggs, etc. It is the yolks that hold the flavoring extract also. The eggs is sufficiently cooked rapidly heater in to the hot custard, and custard is rendered almost as light as whipped cream, and it may be heaped in glasses, or be put into one large glass dish.

Nothing is more distressing to a sick person, who is still not quite ill enough to be upset worldly thoughts, than to have a doctor at his morning call find the room disarranged and the patient in a slight dressing, fresh and neat in appearance. It should be the first care of the person in charge of the house to see that this state of things shall not exist. As long as it is upon must be attended to at some time during the day, why not do it when a greater amount of comfort would result?

It is thought better to give a sick person a tea-pot for instead of allowing him to drink against the side of cup when, wrapping a clean piece of lace in a clean white flannel, put it with a bowl and let it stand by the bedside; provide a long pin—a hat pin is best, with little small pieces of the ice to be dipped with little effort, and no need to touch them with the fingers, as they can be transferred to the mouth with a spoon.

Little perfume cases are made of a piece of pasteboard foundation like a small slipper bottom, cover it with satin, then put a piece like that which covers the back after covering that with satin and catching it with invisible stitches to the bottom, at a piece of pasteboard of such shape and size that it does fit the place where the foot would go if it were a genuine slipper; in the centre of space cut a round hole, through which perfume bottle may be put, over the bottle is stitched and fastened to the top. This is intended to be hung by a strip of ribbon to the wall, near the dressing case.

Cold steaks may be eaten with relish if, instead of being fried, you scatter pepper and salt and powdered sage over them, serve with currant jelly or jam on the side beside them.

Pretty curtains for the dining-room are made of plain colored material. Whether cotton flannel, cretonne, or sateen, or rather not a brocade and border of cretonne. This should be worked with crewels and silk, and a little gilt cord may be used with excellent effect. The outlines of the figures alone are worked, and only a few stitches here and there in the centre of the flowers, you will find it have, without great labor, a very elegant curtain. These curtains are particularly pretty and appropriate for winter, and working the border will furnish pleasant employment for cold moments.

Almost any fancy article may be made of cloth, it is the favorite material still; fancy aprons covered with it and with a ray of embroidery on the front near the edge. Joint are very handsome.

An excellent way to warm over potatoes is to put a lump of butter into a saucepan, let it melt and a tab spoonful of flour, stir it so that it will not burn, then add a cupful of sweet milk, if half cream will be all the better; season with salt and pepper, stir it with a spoon so that it will be well mixed, then put in sliced cold-boiled potatoes, let them stand for a few moments, send to the table.

Cold sauce flavored with pineapple, and nutmeg in the form of one, is a nice addition to ice cream. Make a mixture of two tablespoonfuls of butter, one heaping tablespoonful of sugar, and a little pineapple juice.

Cold boiled and cut into strips make a good garnish when nothing more satisfactory can be obtained.

Sweet milk is considered by some cooks a valuable and pleasing addition to ice cream. It should be finally grated, and be added the cream and sugar, or custard, just before freezing.

A correspondent asks how fruit should be prepared so that the juice can be used for flavoring and coloring ice cream. The way in which most housewives do this is to allow the whole berries to stand for about three hours, if they are fresh, with sugar scattered over them, then the berries are mashed and the juice is strained; sugar should be added until it suits the taste, and the juice may then be mixed with the cream. One quart of fruit is the rule allowance for one quart of cream and one pound of sugar is not too liberal allowance of sugar.

A good ice cake dish is made by chopping some lean quite fine; put it into a saucepan with a lump of butter, season with black pepper; when this is hot pour over it enough eggs, that you have broken in a bowl, to cover the hash. When these are done take the eggs and ham out on a platter in this carefully so that the eggs will be on the top.

Pretty comforts for the bed in summer are made of the so-called barbetta ceilings, which can be bought for a few cents a yard. The scarlet make very pretty ones tufted with white silk, and buttonholed round the edge with Germantown or some similar wool, after being cut in deep scalloped outlines.

A person will soon arrive when the cook who delights to litter in her vocation is an experiment with fruit; here is one of the many ways in which she may: Raspberries stew the fresh berries, strain the juice, sweeten it, and put it over a fire in a porcelain kettle. When it boils stir in some corn starch rubbed smooth in cold water. The starch should be used in the proportion of two tablespoonfuls to one pint of juice. When it is cooked and thoroughly cooked pour into moulds which you have wet with cold water. Fancy shaped moulds are desirable. Serve with cream and powdered sugar.

An excellent cake is made of one cup sour cream, one cupful sugar, two eggs, one teaspoonful (not heaping) of soda, a little salt, and flour enough to make a soft dough, flavor with cinnamon.

The latest thing in mourning is made of a strip of lace, with a space left for a bow of ribbon, just one, then put it a deep fringe. Measure the spaces in the ribbon accurately, and only those parts that are to appear between the meshes embroider rosebuds and green leaves.

Lovers of brown bread should have a tin made on purpose for it, round and tall, with a closely fitting cover; this genuine brown bread should be baked slowly for two hours.

Three baths a week are considered a sufficient number for a year-old baby with feeble digestive organs. The water should not be too warm, but it certainly should not be cold. Rub baby as rapidly and as roughly as you can without making him cry.

Delicious fritters may have stale bread for the foundation. If care is taken in removing any or all of the crust that is dark brown, the fritters will be light colored and very inviting in appearance. Eggs are a good addition in the proportion of four eggs to one quart of milk; a tablespoonful of salt, and four or five slices of bread are also required. The bread should lie soaking in the milk for two hours. It can be broken into small bits, and then it will not be lumpy.

"To beg as you can hold out" is an old adage often repeated for the benefit of the young wife; it may be dwelt upon by the young housekeeper at least with profit. One thing I never would "begin" with is a copper tea kettle; I would never have the memory of that once bright but constantly dinning copper tea kettle haunting me; that is one bitter experience which may be so easily avoided. When there are only two members of the family and a competent girl in the kitchen, the kettle may be kept bright, and that too without great danger of the family drinking verdigris in their tea; but when the children come, and the mother's room is further removed from the kitchen, and her watchful care must be exercised over other and more important subjects than pots and kettles, the pleasure of having a copper tea kettle is greatly diminished, as it seems to be no longer possible for its good looks to be preserved. A good tin tea kettle of medium size, may be kept clean and bright at all times with little effort; and the time and thought that must be given during an unfortunately long life to the copper vessel, would easily be used to better advantage. A thoughtful woman who wishes order in all work and who appreciates the beauty as well as the necessity of doing faithfully, and with thought every humble duty that is owed to the home, is still sometimes appalled when the conviction is forced upon her that the great mass of women think of nothing else. She feels with pain and pity a great sense of loss that the brains of most women, instead of being evenly developed are necessarily the reverse. Who does not know and see, and pity some woman of fair acquaintance who rather from school with a scanty equipment in the way of arithmetic, grammar and spelling, and who after that never opens a book, unless perhaps some light novel, who skims through the morning paper, noting possibly the last murder, but hitching nowhere as it seems, even these women might be awakened to something better, might be induced to appreciate the meaning which often given to life, and might become interested in pursuits which give pleasure lasting long after the copper tea kettle has been repaired into pillows.

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, Bangor, May 24, 1884.

Statement of bills in criminal prosecutions allowed by County Commissioners at their January Term, 1884.

Originated before Police Court.

State vs.		Amt of Costs.
	Frank Sawyer	$11 12
	James Conlor	2 54
	Louis S. Frost	2 74
	Sylvester	1 14
	John Hanan	3 92
	John McDonald	9 10
	Katie Hanan	4 54
	Nelson Sylvester	3 34
	Daniel Delaney	4 00
	Thomas McGinley	5 04
	John H. McGinley	4 92
	Beecher Bickford	2 45
	Hattie Bagley	4 30
	Wm. Sullivan	4 92
	Edward Hart	2 84
	Joseph Fitzgerald	3 54
	James Gallagher	3 84
	Albert Kelly	2 54
	John L. Smith	2 40
	James Miller	2 40
	Albert Lawford	2 40
	Jerry Young	1 70
	Dawning Bonsal of Noah Cook	2 30
	Sarah Flanagan	2 30
	Joseph Baker	1 70
	Peter Cardelle	1 12
	Fred Johnson	1 12
	Daniel Hourigan	1 12
	Peter McDonald	1 12
	John O'Young	1 30
	Alfred Hilliard	1 12
	Betsey Francis	1 12
	Frank Murphy	1 12
	Geo. Hilliard	1 12
	Fred W. Cook & als	1 12
	Alfred Austin	1 12
	John Lynch	1 12
	Hugh McFarland	1 12
	Allen Brewster	1 12
	John Lynch	1 12
	Alex. Crawford	1 12
	Hugh McCarty	1 12
	Hedge Smith	1 12
	Wm. and Hugh	1 12
	William Caswell	1 12
	John Lynch	1 12
	Albert Moon	1 12
	Hugh McCarty	1 12
	John O'Young	1 12
	John W. Johnson, Jr.	1 12
	Ira Gilbert	1 84
	Matt. Gallagher	1 84
	John Phelps	1 84
	Luther Spencer	1 84
	James Harrington	1 84
	Lauriston H. Grant	1 99
	Herbert B. Conley	1 56
	William A. Smith	1 12
	John Carleton	1 47
	Michael Crowley	1 12
	John H. Hussey	1 12
	Fred W. Hudson	1 12
	Patrick Conlon	1 12
	Fred W. Gould & als	1 12
	Albert Moon	1 12
	Hugh McCarty	1 12
	James F. Fitzgerald	3 84
	John Hughes	1 00
	Patrick Cannon	1 12
	Daniel Wyman	1 84
	Alex. Crawford	1 12
	John Lynch	1 12
	Albert Moon	1 12
	Hugh McCarty	1 12
	John Lynch	1 12
	Hopkins Jewett	1 12
	Ira Gilbert	1 12
	George Hussey	1 84
	Daniel Hussey	1 84
	Wm. Jenkins	1 12
	Reynolds Jones	1 84
	Wm. Jenkins	1 12
	Hubert Crawford	1 84
	Little Freeman	1 84
	Wm. Clark	3 34
	George Farrington	3 34
	Wm. Clark	3 65
	Little Freeman	3 34
	Wm. Clark	3 34
	George Farrington	3 34

Originated before Justice Norton, Trial Justice.

	Charles Sanders	3 71
	Martin Carrow	3 24
	Alfred Austin	3 90
	John Allen	4 25
	Wm. Clark	8 15
	John Thompson	5 97
	Neal Sound & als	5 54
	West Green Works Station	3 84
	Michael Cohen	3 24
	Nelson Trafton	3 24
	Geo. W. Sargent & C. W. Woodbury	3 24
	Martin Cannon	4 32
	Alex. Allen	3 24
	Dennis Murphy	3 90

Originated before Justice T. Newall, Trial Justice.

	Joseph Cook	4 04
	J. O. Sullivan	4 06
	F. J. Nichols	8 86
	Peter Fullerton	13 07
	Frank Mullen	4 04
	Wm. Mullen	4 04
	Michael Mullen	4 04
	Michael Mullen	4 04
	Michael